## MECHANISTIC INSIGHTS INTO FAST ION CONDUCTION IN SOLID ELECTROLYTE AND CATHODE MATERIALS

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Major advances in rechargeable lithium (or sodium) batteries require the discovery and characterisation of new materials. It is clear that a complete understanding of the properties of electrode and electrolyte materials for both Li- and Na-ion batteries requires fundamental knowledge of their underlying structural, ion diffusion and surface properties on the atomicand nano-scales. In this context, advanced materials modelling [1] combined with structural and electrochemical techniques are now powerful tools for investigating these properties. This talk will highlight recent studies [2-4] in the following areas: (i) structural and mechanistic insights into fast lithium-ion conduction in Li<sub>4</sub>SiO<sub>4</sub>-Li<sub>3</sub>PO<sub>4</sub> solid electrolytes; (ii) ion diffusion pathways in polyanionic cathode materials such as Li-sulfates (e.g. LiFeSO<sub>4</sub>OH) and Na-phosphates (e.g. Na<sub>2</sub>FePO<sub>4</sub>F, Na<sub>4</sub>M<sub>3</sub>(PO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2</sub>P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub>). The presentation will aim to demonstrate how the strong synergy of computer modelling and experiment has helped us to shed new light on the structure-property relationships of battery materials.

References

[2] Y. Deng et al., J. Amer. Chem. Soc., 137 (2015) 9136.

[3] S.M. Wood et al., J. Phys. Chem. C., 119 (2015) 15935.

[4] C. Eames et al., Chem. Mater., 26 (2014) 3672.

<sup>[1]</sup> M.S. Islam; C.A.J. Fisher, Chem. Soc. Rev., 43, (2014) 185.